

THE TRUE NORTHERNER.

Published Every Wednesday.

PAW PAW, MICH., AUG. 26, 1896.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

National.

For President—
WILLIAM MCKINLEY of Ohio.
For Vice President—
GARRETT A. HOBART of New Jersey.

State.

For Governor—
HAZEN S. PINGREE.
For Lieutenant Governor—
THOMAS B. DUNSTAN.
For Secretary of State—
WASHINGTON GARDNER.
For State Treasurer—
GEORGE A. STEEL.
For Auditor General—
ROSCOE D. DIX.
For Commissioner of the State Land Office—
WILLIAM A. FRENCH.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—
JASON E. HAMMOND.
For Member of State Board of Education—
J. W. SIMMONS.

Congressional.

For Member of Congress—(4th district)—
EDWARD L. HAMILTON.

County Ticket.

For Judge of Probate—
JAMES H. JOHNSON of South Haven.
For Sheriff—
CHARLES A. LAMBERSON of Pine Grove.
For County Clerk—
JOSEPH S. BUCK of Antwerp.
For Register of Deeds—
THOMAS M. HARVEY of Bangor.
For County Treasurer—
GILBERT MITCHELL of Geneva.
For Prosecuting Attorney—
JAMES E. CHANDLER of Paw Paw.
For Circuit Court Commissioners—
ORAN W. ROWLAND of Paw Paw.
GUY WICKSALL of South Haven.
For County Surveyor—
GEORGE MUTHLER of Bangor.
For Coroners—
O. A. DEAN of South Haven.
S. M. TROWBRIDGE of Geneva.

Republican Representative Convention.
A Republican Representative convention for the County of Van Buren will be held at the village of Paw Paw, on Tuesday, the first day of September, 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the State Legislature, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.
The several townships will be entitled to the same number of delegates as to the regular county nominating convention.

J. C. McFELLIN,
C. B. CHARLES,
Committee.

Republican Senatorial Convention.
To the Republican electors of the Eighth Senatorial district, consisting of Allegan and Van Buren Counties:

The district convention of the Republicans of the Eighth Senatorial district of Michigan is hereby called to meet at the Town Hall in the village of Bangor, Van Buren County, on Wednesday, the 16th day of September, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for member of the Senate, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.
The several counties of the district will be entitled to representation as follows:
Allegan 13
Van Buren 12
By order of the Senatorial Committee.
JAN W. GARVELINK, Chairman.

Republican Fealty.

It is said that there are many men who have hitherto been proud to be called republicans who will this year bolt the national ticket and vote for Bryan. The NORTHERNER is of the opinion that the extent of such disaffection has been largely overestimated in the interest of our democratic friends, and that as they have passed the tale from mouth to mouth, the number of bolters has been doubled at each repetition. When a man takes this position with reference to the republican party, he is in exactly the same political situation as are the western senators and others who walked out of the St. Louis convention. They as a rule protest that they are yet republicans, and that they will affiliate with the party after they settle the financial question by Bryan's election.

Now it seems to us that the real test of party fealty is the willingness to support the party nominees, especially on the national and congressional tickets. In Michigan this year, there being no United States senator to be chosen, these are the only officials into whose election the principles of the party can be brought into direct issue. A man might bolt a large portion, perhaps all, of the local ticket and still vote republican principles, but when it comes to presidential electors and members of congress, a vote against republican nominees is a vote for democratic principles, free trade, free silver, packed courts, anarchy and all. The incentive to republicans to vote the local tickets is, not the supremacy of party principles, but the maintenance of party organization, that the party may be enthused and supremacy of republicanism maintained when party issues are at stake.

A man may, it is true, vote for Bryan this year and be a good republican next year. There is no political law against a change of party affiliations. But that a man can vote for Bryan and be a good republican at the same time is an anomaly that cannot exist. The test of party fealty is now, as it always has been and always must be, the support of party principles and party nominees.

Watson on Sewall.

From the Omaha Bee.

The populist candidate for vice president does not propose to be suppressed, nor will he voluntarily "hide his light under a bushel." Mr. Watson's latest "statement" has reference to Candidate Sewall, but contains a slap at Mr. Bryan that is calculated to make some of the populist supporters of the Chicago nominee wince. The doughty Georgian says that Bryan dare not say anything against McKinley for the reason that Sewall is a protectionist, while the former is also debarred from assailing national banks and railroad monopoly because his running mate on the popocratic ticket is both a banker and a railroad director. All that Mr. Watson alleges of Mr. Sewall is entirely true, but whether or not the facts have influenced Mr. Bryan it is impossible to say. He certainly has omitted reference to those things which Mr. Watson thinks should be discussed in the campaign and it is possible that the populist candidate has correctly stated the motive for doing so. But however this may be, the interesting question is as to how the true populists, those who unqualifiedly accept the doctrines of their party platform, like being committed to the support of a protectionist, national banker and railroad director who is several times a millionaire. The Sewall-Watson dilemma still has possibilities of trouble for Mr. Bryan, and evidently Mr. Watson is not going to do anything to lessen them.

Free Silver Authority.

When quoting from the congressional debates on the currency question, our free coinage contemporaries studiously avoid any reference to the utterances of Senators Stewart and Jones of Nevada. This fact is the more remarkable, because the arguments of these men are now a large part of the thunder of the free silver organs. We do not wish to accuse our contemporaries of an intentional omission of the part these illustrious gentlemen took in the currency debates; it is surely an oversight. So we will call attention to only one opinion of each of these two bright and shining free silver lights:

Senator John P. Jones of Nevada, on June 11, 1874—see page 4861 of the Congressional Record of that year—said: "I believe the sooner we come down to a purely gold standard the better it will be for the country." In the same speech the senator said that the human heart was set upon gold, that it was the standard of high civilization, and that when gold was used exclusively for money it "taught the very habit of honesty."
On June 12, 1874—Congressional Record, page 4907—Senator Stewart of Nevada said: "The laboring man is entitled to have his labor measured by the same standard of the world that measures our national debt," and that the question of money would never be settled "until you determine the simple question whether the laboring man is entitled to have a gold dollar, if he earns it, or whether you are going to cheat him with something else." Again, Stewart said the English had tried to get along without gold, and had to come back to it, and he closed upon the whole matter, so far as he was concerned, saying, "You must come to the same conclusion that all other people have—that gold is recognized as the universal standard of value."

It would scarcely be good taste, perhaps, to accuse the senators of demagoguery now, but it is pertinent to inquire what they will do with these vigorously expressed preferences for the gold standard, and whether the bonanza free coinage would be for the silver miners of their state, has anything to do with their marvelous change of heart.

It is not to be expected that newspapers should know everything, but the following extract from the St. Joseph Daily Press was hardly to have been expected from a paper published in the 4th congressional district. Commenting on the Three Rivers convention, that sheet says: "Two years ago it required 147 ballots to renominate Thomas." The Press might have known, if it did not, that Mr. Thomas was renominated two years ago, at Dowagiac, by acclamation, and that instead of requiring 147 ballots to accomplish that result it took but one vote and that viva voce.

Ex-Gov. David R. Francis of Missouri, has been appointed secretary of the interior, to succeed Hon. Hoke Smith, who recently resigned.

FORCED TO THE FRONT.

Free Trade Bryan's Nomination Compels General Tariff Debate.

In nominating Hon. William J. Bryan of Nebraska as the Democratic candidate for the office of president the Democratic party has unwittingly and unwillingly forced to the front the issue of protection against free trade. As proof of this it is only necessary to refer to Mr. Bryan's tariff record in congress, during his brief experience there as a member of the house of representatives, and, in order that the friends of protection may have an opportunity to refresh their memories in this respect, we publish this week some extracts from his speeches delivered during the second session of the Fifty-third congress when the Wilson bill became law.

Mr. Bryan is an out and out free trader. He was dissatisfied even with the original Wilson bill before it received the 600 amendments that finally enabled its passage through the United States senate. He regards "a tariff of 10 per cent levied purposely for protection" as being "just as indefensible as a tariff of 1,000 per cent." Of the original free trade Wilson bill he said: "I think the duties all the way through this bill are higher than necessary." But, low as they were, he viewed it as a "step in the right direction." He also said, "I am for free wool;" again, "I believe in free iron ore;" again, "The duty on coal is indefensible."

These brief quotations will enable all friends of protection to appreciate the imminent danger to every American wage earner and every American industry that would arise through the election of Mr. Bryan to the presidency.

Contrast the words of the Democratic demagogue with those of Hon. William McKinley. "When there is work there is wages, and when there is work wage earners are consumers, who contribute the best market for the products of our soil." How Mr. Bryan can make the western farmers believe to the contrary—that idle wage earners can "contribute the best market for the products of our soil"—it will be interesting to observe. He would close every coal and iron mine, he would let our lumber come from Canada, our wool from Australia and the clothes we wear from Europe, or else he would insist that all American labor employed in all such American industries be paid only at such low rates of wages as are earned by labor engaged in similar occupations abroad. Yet these lower wages, he says, "would contribute the best market for the products of our soil."

FROM BRYAN'S BRAINS.

Extracts From His Free Trade Tariff Speeches In Congress.

"I believe we can make no permanent progress in the direction of tariff reform until we free from taxation the raw materials which lie at the foundation of our industries, and I believe in free iron ore, whether we leave the tariff at 35, 25 or 5 per cent upon carpets."

Nebraska Prospered by Protection.
"The cities of Lincoln and Omaha have grown more rapidly in the last ten years than any manufacturing city in the east."

Wants Absolute Free Trade.
"A tariff of 10 per cent levied purposely for protection is, as far as the principle is concerned, just as indefensible as a tariff of 1,000 per cent."

For Free Lumber.
"Rough lumber has been placed upon the free list and only a slight duty retained on planed and grooved boards. We found a rate of 34.12 per cent and left a rate of 23.65."

Wilson Bill Rates Too High.
"I think the duties all the way through this bill are higher than necessary, and I favor the bill, not because of its perfection, not because the duties are brought down as low as they might be, but because the bill is infinitely better than the law which we now have and is a step in the right direction."

Wants Universal Free Trade.
"When Michigan iron ore is placed on the free list, Alabama ore is placed there also. When Pennsylvania coal is placed on the free list, West Virginia coal is placed there also. When the rough lumber of Maine and Wisconsin is placed upon the free list, the rough lumber of North Carolina and Georgia is placed there also."

\$8.00 Chicago To St. Paul And Return.

On account of the G. A. R. Encampment The North-Western Line (Chicago & North-Western Railway) will, on August 31 and September 1, 1896, sell excursion tickets from Chicago to St. Paul and return at rate of \$8.00 for the round trip, good for return passage until September 15, with privilege of further extension to September 30, 1896. For tickets and full information apply to agents of connecting lines, or address W. H. Guerin, M. P. A., 67 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich. [621]

Good News From South Dakota.

The glorious results of this season's harvest of golden grain will pour a stream of sound money into the pockets of every Dakota farmer.

South Dakota has thousands of acres of choice farming and ranch land lying east of the Missouri river, and within one days ride from Chicago or Milwaukee which can now be bought reasonably cheap, but which before the end of another year may be advanced in price.

The stock-raising industry in South Dakota is profitable, and Eastern capital is now being invested in cattle and sheep growing in that state.

Diversified farming, the growing of live stock and the products of the dairy, are placing South Dakota foremost in the ranks of the successful Western states.

Those desiring full information on the subject, and particularly those who wish to seek a new home or purchase land, are requested to correspond with Harry Mercer, M. P. A., 7 Fort street W., Detroit, Mich. [6213]

County and State.

Local option was defeated in Allegan County by only 46 majority, according to complete unofficial returns.

State Senator Augustus Jewell of Dowagiac, who was a prominent candidate for the republican congressional nomination at the recent Three Rivers convention, was married August 20th to Miss Hattie A. Gillett of Lansing.

Gold democrats met at South Haven, Thursday, and elected delegates to attend the mass convention to be held at Lansing to-day. Ringing resolutions were passed, condemning the state committee for effecting a union ticket and abandoning the time-honored principles of the democratic party. The Chicago convention came in for a roast.

A bible institute and rally of endeavorers and bible schools of the church of Christ in Van Buren County will be held at Bangor, commencing this evening and continuing over Sunday. One of the principal attractions of the program is Leonidas Hubbard of Ann Arbor, who will give several bible lectures. Friday will be christian endeavor day and Saturday will be given up to a bible school rally.

For any of those unexpected emergencies common to children in the summer, Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry is an unfailing remedy.

Uncle Tom's Cabin.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" was given to the public at a time when all civilized humanity were hesitating between their prejudices and their established modes of thought and the growing conviction felt in their inmost heart that slavery was all wrong. One result was the testimony of many colored persons and fugitive slaves who said to Mrs. Stowe, "since that book came out everybody is good to us." "We find friends everywhere." "It's wonderful how kind everybody is."

In England many demonstrations were made by anti-slavery societies, and many addresses were presented to the author, and even when the civil war was initiated the workmen of England did not lend themselves to any popular movement which would go to crush the oppressed in America, although this war brought hardship to their very door.

Among the noble ladies of England the book had many fervent admirers. It is a significant fact that the Queen of England, in concurrence with Prince Albert, steadily resisted every attempt to enlist the war-like power of England against the northern states. In fact the appearance of this work developed the latent sentiment against slavery, and was a potent factor in enlisting men in the ranks of those actively engaged in suppressing it.

The Cook Twin Sisters' colossal spectacular Uncle Tom's Cabin will appear at Paw Paw, Friday, Aug. 28. One performance at 7 p. m. Admission 25c.

Hall's Hair Renewer is pronounced the best preparation made for thickening the growth of the hair and restoring that which is gray to its natural color.

Personal.

FREE—64 page medical reference book, giving valuable information to any man or woman afflicted with any form of delicate disease. Address the leading specialists and physicians of this country. DR. HATHAWAY & CO., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

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Is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity, its constantly increasing sales, and enables it to accomplish its wonderful and unequalled cures. The combination, proportion and process used in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make Hood's Sarsaparilla

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It cures a wide range of diseases because of its power as a blood purifier. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system. Thus all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficent influence of

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Cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

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For sickly, delicate children, and for those whose lungs are affected, it is a mistake to leave it off in the summer months. The dose may be reduced if necessary.

We recommend the small size especially for summer use, and for children, where a smaller dose is required. It should be kept in a cool place after it is once opened.

For sale by all druggists at 50c. and \$1.00

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DRESS CUTTING,

Requiring but three Measures.

Ladies, we beg to call your attention to our French tailor method of dress cutting. It is absolutely the latest and best now in use. We take but three measures and guarantee a perfect fit. Can be learned in a few lessons, is simple and accurate, easy to learn and impossible to forget. We have just what the people have been wanting for years, viz: a method that is simple, accurate and cheap. We urge the necessity of every lady learning to cut her own dresses, regardless of present conditions. We claim it an accomplishment. We will demonstrate the merits of our method by cutting test linings free of charge. Seamless waists a specialty. We would kindly invite you to investigate the merits of our method at my place of business in Longwell block.

Gentlemen's Tailoring in all Branches.

SUITS, \$16 and UP. PANTS, \$4, UP

MILLER,

The Fashionable Tailor.

E. L. GOODALE,

UNDERTAKER.

I desire to announce to the people of Paw Paw and vicinity that I am engaged in the undertaking business in Kalamazoo and will be pleased to promptly attend to the calls of any Paw Paw friends who desire my services, without any extra charge. Telephone or telegraph at my expense day or night.

E. L. GOODALE.

EVERYBODY IS TALKING.

TALKING WHAT? POLITICS? NO.

Talking about the big

STATE FAIR

That will be held at

GRAND RAPIDS,

Sept. 7, 8, 9, 10 & 11, '96

It is going to be a hummer,

THE STATE FAIR.

More exhibitors, more people, more sport, more pleasure, and the greatest display of everything yet seen in Michigan. Don't miss being there every day.

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Special Sale AT Avery's

12½c Duck Suits 5c.
15c Zephyr Suits 7c.
7c Tennis Suits 4c.
25c Henriettas 18c.
10c Percales 6c.
Best Indigo and Fancy Prints 5c
Yard wide Sheetings—Extra

Good 5c.

White Twill Toweling 4c.

Check Glass Toweling 5c.

All Linen Fringe Towels 4c up.

Odd Lot Ladies' Gloves 5c.

" " Hose 5c

Special Lot " Fast Black

Hose 11c.

White Kid Belts 18c.

Black Silk " 19c.

Elegant Summer Corsets 39c.

Odd Lot Corsets 18c and up.

Umbrellas 48c and up.

Gold Frame Spectacles or Eye

Glasses 48c.

Lace Curtains 39c and up per

Pair.

Men's Shoes reduced from \$2

to \$1.50.

Ladies' Kid Button Shoes—

Special 98c.

Ladies' Kid Oxfords—Special

50c and 98c.

Child's Kid Button Shoes 25c.

Odd Lot Shoes 38c.

Heavy Glass Tumblers 3c.

Buttermilk Toilet Soap 3c.

3 Cakes Lenox Soap for 10c.

Best Cooking Soda 4c.

Granulated Sal-Soda 2c.

Lump Gloss Starch 4c.

Best Corn Starch 6c.

1lb Can Avery's Baking Pow-

der 10c.

Best Ginger Snaps 6c.

Seedless Raisins 5c.

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